

CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITY BASICS

HISTORY OF THE CLERY ACT

In April 1986, Jeanne Clery's life ended tragically when another student raped and murdered her in her residence hall room. Alarmed at the lack of transparency around crime and violence on college campuses, Jeanne's parents, Connie and Howard, committed themselves to create enduring change.

In 1990, Congress approved the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act. Later renamed in Jeanne's memory, the Jeanne Clery Act took effect in 1991. It requires that colleges and universities:

- keep a public crime log
- publish an annual security report that includes crime statistics and security policies
- provide timely warnings and emergency notifications to inform the campus community of potential threats.
- ensure certain basic rights for victims of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking

The U.S. Department of Education enforces the Clery Act, and is responsible for collecting and disseminating crime statistics from colleges and universities each year.

CLERY ACT CRIMES

Any of the following offenses which take place in one of the Clery Act Geography categories: On-Campus (including student residences), Noncampus, and Public Property.

Criminal Offenses

• Sex Offenses

• Aggravated Assault

Motor Vehicle Theft

Homicide

Robbery

• Burglary

Arson

VAWA Offenses

- Domestic Violence
 - Dating Violence
 - Stalking

Arrests & Referrals

- Drug Law Violations
- Weapons Law Violations
- Liquor Law Violations

Hate Crimes

- All criminal offenses
 plus:
 - Larceny-theft
 - Simple Assault
 - Intimidation
 - Destruction/ damage or vandalism of property
- Hate Crime Bias Categories
- Race
- Gender
- Gender Identity
- Religion
- Sexual Orientation
- Ethnicity
- National Origin
- Disability

WHO ARE CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES?

- Officials with significant responsibility for student and campus activities
- A campus police or security department
- Individuals who have responsibility for campus security
- Individuals or offices designated to receive crime reports



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page 2

CSA RESPONSIBILITIES

- If someone tells you about a crime or an incident that might be a crime, you must report it to your institution's designated office or an official responsible for collecting Clery report information.
- Share the information as related by the person.
- When in doubt, report.
- Tell the person who disclosed the crime to you that you must share the information.
- Help connect the person to available options and resources within the institution.

INFORMATION TO SHARE

- Date, time, and location of the incident
- Date and time the incident was reported to you
- Description of the nature of the incident
- Identities of individuals involved, including known suspects and witnesses (although not required)

MY CAMPUS CONTACTS

USD Public Safety Hughes Administration Center, Rm. 150 (619) 260-7777 (non-emergency) /(619) 260-2222 (emergency) www.sandiego.edu/safety

USD Counseling Center: Saints Tekakwitha & Serra Hall Room 300 (619) 260-4655 www.sandiego.edu/counseling-center/

CARE Advocate: (619) 260-2222 (24 hours) www.sandiego.edu/care/support/

University Ministry: _______ Founders Hall Room 20 Phone (619) 260-4735 www.sandiego.edu/ministry