

2003-2004 Common Data Set

Yes

# A. General Information Respondent Information (Not for Publication) Name:

Mailing Address:
City/State/Zip/Country:
Phone:
Fax: A0 A0 A0 E-mail Address: A0 Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? A0

A0 If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page:

A0A	We invite you to indicate if there are items on the CDS for which you cannot use the requested
	analytic convention, cannot provide data for the cohort requested, whose methodology is unclear, o
	about which you have questions or comments in general. This information will not be published but
	will help the publishers further refine CDS items.

#### Address Information

Α0

A0 A0 A0 A0

Title: Office:

~ '	Addi Coo illi offination	
A1	Name of College/University:	University of San Diego
A1	Mailing Address:	5998 Alcalá Park
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	San Diego, CA 92110-2492
A1	Street Address (if different):	-
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	
A1	Main Phone Number:	(619) 260-4600
A1	WWW Home Page Address:	http://www.sandiego.edu
A1	Admissions Phone Number:	
A1	Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	
A1	Admissions Office Mailing Address:	Office of Undergraduate Admissions 5998 Alcalá Park
A1	City/State/Zip/Country:	San Diego, CA 92110-2492
A1	Admissions Fax Number:	(619) 260-6836
A1	Admissions E-mail Address:	admissions@sandiego.edu
A1	If there is a separate URL for your	http://www.sandiego.edu/admissions/undergraduate/applyin
	school's online application, please specify:	g/application.php
A1	If you have a mailing address other	
	than the above to which	
	applications should be sent, please	

- A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):
- List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

A2	Private (nonprofit)	Χ
Δ2	Proprietary	

Classify your undergraduate institution:

~	Glassify your undergraduate motitation.		
A3	Coeducational college		
A3	Men's college		
A3	Women's college		

#### A4 Academic year calendar:

A4	Semester	
A4	Quarter	
A4	Trimester	
A4	4-1-4	Χ
A4	Continuous	
A4	Differs by program (describe):	
	,, , ,	
A4	Other (describe):	
	, , ,	

#### A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

~3	Degrees offered by your montation.	
A5	Certificate	
A5	Diploma	
A5	Associate	
A5	Transfer Associate	
A5	Terminal Associate	
A5	Bachelor's	Χ
A5	Postbachelor's certificate	Χ
A5	Master's	Χ
A5	Doctoral	Χ
A5	First professional	Χ
A5	First professional certificate	X

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# **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1** Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003.

B1		FULL-TIME PART-T		TIME	
B1		Men	Women	Men	Women
B1	Undergraduates				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time				
	freshmen	341	719	2	2
B1	Other first-year, degree-seeking	120	169	1	3
B1	All other degree-seeking	1,316	1,981	47	93
B1	Total degree-seeking	1,777	2,869	50	98
B1	All other undergraduates enrolled				
	in credit courses	0	0	6	3
B1	Total undergraduates	1,777		56	101
B1	First-Professional (JD only)				
B1	First-time, first-professional				
	students	146	118	51	46
B1	All other first-professionals	268	229	89	79
B1	Total first-professional	414	347	140	125
B1	Graduate (includes LLM)				
B1	Degree-seeking, first-time	115	212	92	121
B1	All other degree-seeking	102	168	266	320
B1	All other graduates enrolled in				
	credit courses	5	2	12	18
B1	Total graduate	222	382	370	459
B1	Total all undergraduates				1,934
B1		Total al	I graduate and pro	ofessional students	2,459
B1		•	GRAND TOTAL	L ALL STUDENTS	4,393

**B2** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2003. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

B2		Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree-and non-degree- seeking)
B2	Nonresident aliens	9	113	114
B2	Black, non-Hispanic	21	96	96
B2	American Indian or Alaska Native	12	58	58
B2	Asian or Pacific Islander	80	338	339
B2	Hispanic	193	755	755
B2	White, non-Hispanic	730	3,248	3,352
B2	Race/ethnicity unknown	20	186	189
B2	TOTAL	1,065	4,794	4,903

## Persistence

Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2002, to June 30, 2003

		,
<b>B3</b>	Certificate/diploma	
<b>B3</b>	Associate degrees	
<b>B3</b>	Bachelor's degrees	1176
<b>B</b> 3	Postbachelor's certificates	201
<b>B</b> 3	Master's degrees	428
<b>B</b> 3	Post-Master's certificates	0
<b>B</b> 3	Doctoral degrees	35
<b>B</b> 3	First professional degrees	282
B3	First professional certificates	0

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#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2003 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1997 cohort if available. If fall 1997 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1996 cohort.

#### Fall 1997 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1997. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1997.

	Sufficient preceding fair 1997.	
B4	Initial 1997 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	1,037
B5	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	1
B6	Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from	
	question B4)	1,036
B7	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by	
	August 31, 2001):	589
B8	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years	
	but in five years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003):	142
B9	Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years	
	but in six years or less (after August 31, 2002 and by August 31, 2003):	10
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	741
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 1997 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	72%

#### **Retention Rates**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2002 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

<b>B22</b>	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2002 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2003?	85%

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# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

## **Applications**

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2003. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

	applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently to	onerea aarmoolon.
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	2656
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	4617
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1179
C1	Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	2530
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	341
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	2
C1	Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	719
C1	Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	2

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

		res	INO
C2	Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	X	
C2	If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2	003 admissions:	
C2	Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list	295	
C2	Number accepting a place on the waiting list	97	
C2	Number of wait-listed students admitted	8	
C2	Is your waiting list ranked?	No	
C2	If yes, do you release that information to students?		
C2	Do you release that information to school counselors?		

#### **Admission Requirements**

## High school completion requirement

C3	High school diploma is required and GED is	Y
	accepted	Λ
C3	High school diploma is required and GED is not	
	accepted	
C3	High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

## C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degreeseeking students?

C4	Require	X
C4	Recommend	
C4	Neither require nor recommend	

List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

C5		Units	Units
03		Required	Recommended
C5	Total academic units		20
C5	English		4
C5	Mathematics		
C5	Science		4
C5	Of these, units that must be		4
	lab		7
C5	Foreign language		4
C5	Social studies		4
C5	History		
C5	Academic electives		
C5	Other (specify)		

## **Basis for Selection**

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

 C6
 Yes
 No

 C6
 X

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, firstyear, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	year, degree-seeking (freshinar) admission decisions.				
C7		Very Important	Important	Considered	Not considered
C7	Academic				
C7	Secondary school record	X			
C7	Class rank			Х	
C7	Standardized test scores	Х			
C7	Application Essay		Χ		
C7	Recommendation(s)		Χ		
C7	Nonacademic				
C7	Interview				X
C7	Extracurricular activities		X		
C7	Talent/ability		Χ		
C7	Character/personal qualities		Χ		
C7	First generation				
C7	Alumni/ae relation			X	
C7	Geographical residence				X
C7	State residency				X
C7	Religious			X	
	affiliation/commitment				
C7	Minority status			X	
C7	Volunteer work			X	
C7	Work experience			X	

#### **SAT and ACT Policies**

#### 8 Entrance exams

-	Zitti di 100 Oxamo		
		Yes	No
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II or ACT scores in		
	admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking	X	
	applicants?		

A If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.

C8A	ADMISSION					
C8A		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
C8A	SATI					
C8A	ACT only					
C8A	SAT I or ACT (no preference)					
C8A	SAT I or ACT-SAT I preferred	Х				
C8A	SAT I or ACT–ACT preferred					
C8A	SAT I and SAT II					
C8A	SAT I and SAT II or ACT					
C8A	SAT II		X			

C8A In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising?

C8A		Yes	No
C8A	Counseling	Χ	
C8A	Placement	X	

**C8B** Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

COD	r reads maistais mism tools your memalion asso for placement (e.g., state tools).				
C8B		Require	Recommend	Require for Some	
C8B	SAT I				
C8B	SAT II			X	
C8B	ACT				
C8B	SAT I or ACT				

Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission	3/1
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission	N/A

C8D If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students): Sat II Writing required for English placement only. AP English (language or literature) with a grade of 4 or 5 may also be used for placement.

#### Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2003, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2003 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

C9	Percent submitting SAT scores	95% Number submitting SAT scores	1010
C9	Percent submitting ACT scores	47% Number submitting ACT scores	500

C9		25th Percentile	75th Percentile
C9	SAT I Verbal	520	620
C9	SAT I Math	540	650
C9	ACT Composite	23	27
C9	ACT Math	N/A	N/A
C9	ACT English	N/A	N/A

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

C9		SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math	SAT Writing
C9	700-800	3.00%	9.00%	
C9	600-699	39.00%	43.00%	
C9	500-599	43.00%	38.00%	
C9	400-499	14.00%	10.00%	
C9	300-399	1.00%	0.00%	
C9	200-299	0.00%	0.00%	
C9	Totals should = 100%	100.00%	100.00%	
_				
C9		ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
C9 C9	30-36	9.00%	ACT English N/A	ACT Math N/A
	30-36 24-29		_	
C9		9.00%	N/A	N/A
C9 C9	24-29	9.00% 61.00%	N/A N/A	N/A N/A
C9 C9 C9	24-29 18-23	9.00% 61.00% 28.00%	N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A
C9 C9 C9	24-29 18-23 12-17	9.00% 61.00% 28.00% 2.00%	N/A N/A N/A N/A	N/A N/A N/A N/A

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C10	Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	45%	
C10	Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	83%	
C10	Percent in top half of high school graduating class	98%	Top half +
C10	Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	2%	bottom half = 100%
C10	Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class		
C10	Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted	high school	
	class rank:		67%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA

those students from whom you collected high school	I GFA.
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and higher	98%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99	2%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%
Totals should = 100%	100%
	Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and higher Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 Percent who had GPA below 1.0

Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:	3.8
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who	
submitted high school GPA:	100%

## **Admission Policies**

|--|

C13		Yes	No
C13	Does your institution have an application fee?	Χ	
C13	Amount of application fee:	\$55.00	
C13		Yes	No
C13	Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	Х	

C13 If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:

C13	Same fee:	
C13	Free:	
C13	Reduced:	

C13		Yes	No
C13	Can on-line application fee be		
	waived for applicants with		
	financial need?		

C14 Application closing date

C14		Yes	No
C14	Does your institution have an application closing date?	X	
C14	Application closing date (fall):	1/5	
C14	Priority date:	1/5	

C15		Yes	No
C15	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the	V	
	fall?	X	

## C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

C16	On a rolling basis beginning	
	(date):	
C16	By (date): April 15	
C16	Other:	
C16		

# C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

C17	Reply policy for admitted applic	cants (IIII III one oi
C17	Must reply by (date):	
C17	No set date:	
	Must reply by May 1 or within	<b>&gt;</b>
	two weeks if notified thereafter	^
C17	Other:	
C17		

## C18 Deferred admission

C18		Yes	No
	Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?	X	
C18	If yes, maximum period of postponement:	One	year

C19 Early admission of high school students

)

C20	Common Application		
220		Yes	No
20	Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?		Х
21	Early Decision		
21		Yes	No
21	Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission		
	decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year		X
	(freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?		
21	If "yes," please complete the following	ıg:	
21	First or only early decision plan closing date		
21	First or only early decision plan notification date		
21	Other early decision plan closing date		
21	Other early decision plan notification date		
21	For the Fall 2003 entering class:		_
21	Number of early decision applications received by your institution	·	
21	Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan		
21	Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:		

C22 Early action

C22		Yes	No
-	Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?	Х	

C22	If "yes," please complete the following	ng:
C22	Early action closing date	11/15
C22	Early action notification date	1/31

C22 Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

C22	Yes	No
C22		X

# D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

**Fall Applicants** 

D1		Yes	No
D1	Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no,	Y	
	please skip to Section E)	Λ	
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit		
	by transferring credits earned from course work completed	X	
	at other colleges/universities?		

**D2** Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2003.

D2		Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
D2	Men	486	267	158
D2	Women	563	327	183
D2	Total	1,049		341

# **Application for Admission**

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

D3	Fall	X
D3	Winter	
D3	Spring	X
D3	Summer	

D4		Yes	No
	Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	Х	
	If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	24 semester (36 quarter) un	

Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

DJ	maiotic diriteme required of transfer stadents to apply for damission.					
D5		Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
D5	High school transcript	Х				
D5	College transcript(s)	Χ				
D5	Essay or personal statement	X				
D5	Interview					X
D5	Standardized test scores					X
D5	Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					Х

D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):
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D7 If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

3.00

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D8 List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: None

**D9** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

D9		Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
D9	Fall	3/1	5/1	7/15	within 2 weeks	Χ
D9	Winter					
D9	Spring	11/1	11/1	1/15	within 2 weeks	Х
D9	Summer					

D10		Yes	No
D10	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to		V
	transfer students?		^

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: None

# **Transfer Credit Policies**

Page 7 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit:

D13		Number	Unit Type
D13	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	No maximum	semester or
	transferred from a two-year institution:	NO IIIAXIIIIUIII	quarter

D14		Number	Unit Type
D14	Maximum number of credits or courses that may be	No maximum	semester or
	transferred from a four-year institution:	NO IIIAXIIIIUIII	quarter

Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:

Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:

30.00

D17 Describe other transfer credit policies: None D17

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# **E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES**

**E1 Special study options:** Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

E1	Accelerated program	
E1	Cooperative education program	
E1	Cross-registration	
E1	Distance learning	
E1	Double major	Χ
E1	Dual enrollment	
E1	English as a Second Language (ESL)	Χ
E1	Exchange student program (domestic)	
E1	External degree program	
E1	Honors Program	Χ
E1	Independent study	Χ
E1	Internships	Χ
E1	Liberal arts/career combination	Χ
E1	Student-designed major	
E1	Study abroad	Χ
E1	Teacher certification program	Χ
E1	Weekend college	
E1	Other (specify):	
E1		

E2 This question has been removed from the Common Data Set.

# E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course

work prior to graduation:

	WORK DITOL TO GLAGGIOTI.	
<b>E3</b>	Arts/fine arts	X
<b>E</b> 3	Computer literacy	
<b>E</b> 3	English (including composition)	X
<b>E3</b>	Foreign languages	X
<b>E3</b>	History	X
<b>E3</b>	Humanities	X
<b>E</b> 3	Mathematics	X
<b>E</b> 3	Philosophy	X
<b>E</b> 3	Sciences (biological or physical)	X
<b>E3</b>	Social science	X
<b>E3</b>	Other (describe): Religion	Х
<b>E</b> 3		^

Library Collections: Report the number of holdings at the end of the 2002-03 fiscal year for each of the categories. Refer to the Academic Libraries Survey, Section D "Library Collections," column 2 for

corresponding equivalents.

E4 Books, serial backfiles, and other paper materials (in documents):

<b>E</b> 4	Books, serial backfiles, and other paper materials (including government	
	documents):	714,082
E5	Current serial subscriptions:	10,451
<b>E6</b>	Microforms:	839,992
<b>E7</b>	Audiovisual materials:	8,624

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# F. STUDENT LIFE

**F1** Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2003 who fit the following categories:

F1		First-time, first-	
		year (freshman)	Undergraduates
		students	
F1	Percent who are from out of state (exclude		
	international/nonresident aliens from the numerator		
	and denominator)	42%	38%
F1	Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	14%
F1	Percent of women who join sororities	0%	19%
F1	Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -		
	affiliated housing	95%	50%
F1	Percent who live off campus or commute	5%	50%
F1	Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	5%
F1	Average age of full-time students	18.1	20.3
F1	Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18.1	20.5

**F2** Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

	710tivitios oriorea lacritary trices	orogra
F2	Choral groups	Χ
F2	Concert band	
F2	Dance	Χ
F2	Drama/theater	Χ
F2	Jazz band	Χ
F2	Literary magazine	Χ
F2	Marching band	
F2	Music ensembles	Χ
F2	Musical theater	Χ
F2	Opera	
F2	Pep band	Χ
F2	Radio station	
F2	Student government	Χ
F2	Student newspaper	Χ
F2	Student-run film society	
F2	Symphony orchestra	Χ
F2	Television station	Χ
F2	Yearbook	Χ
F2	Campus Ministries	Χ
F2	International Student	Х
	Organization	^
F2	Model UN	

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

F3		On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
F3	Army ROTC is offered:		Χ	San Diego State University
F3	Naval ROTC is offered:	X		
F3	Air Force ROTC is offered:		Χ	San Diego State University

# Common Data Set 2003-2004

**F4 Housing:** Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

Coed dorms	Χ
Men's dorms	Χ
Women's dorms	Χ
Apartments for married students	Χ
Apartments for single students	Χ
Special housing for disabled	Х
students	^
Special housing for international	
students	
Fraternity/sorority housing	
Cooperative housing	
Other housing options (specify):	
	Men's dorms Women's dorms Apartments for married students Apartments for single students Special housing for disabled students Special housing for international students Fraternity/sorority housing Cooperative housing

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# **G. ANNUAL EXPENSES**

Provide 2004-2005 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2004-2005 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:	\$26,660	\$24,860
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:		
	In-district		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	In-state (out-of-district):		
G1	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS		
	Out-of-state:		
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS		
	Tuition:		
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$204	\$204
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:		
	(on-campus)	\$11,260	\$11,260
G1	ROOM ONLY:		
	(on-campus)		
G1	BOARD ONLY:		
	(on-campus meal plan)		

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees):

G1	Other:
----	--------

G2		Minimum	Maximum
	Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition	12	18

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore,		V
	junior, senior)?		^

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G4 If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: Music majors take private lessons, offered for an additional fee.

**G5** Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters	Commuters	
		Residents	(living at home)	(not living at home)	
G5	Books and supplies	\$1,260	\$1,260	\$1,260	
G5	Room only			\$5,737	
G5	Board only		\$3,240	\$2,597	
G5	Transportation	\$612	\$864	\$990	
G5	Other expenses	\$1,814	\$2,212	\$2,212	

G6	Undergraduate per-credit-hour charge	ges (tuition only)		
G6	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:			
		\$920.00		
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-district:			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	In-state (out-of-district):			
G6	PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			
	Out-of-state:			
G6	NONRESIDENT ALIENS:			
		\$920.00		

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# H. FINANCIAL AID

# Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1**, "total degree-seeking" **undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2003-2004 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2002-2003 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should <u>be reported in the need-based aid columns</u>. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)** 

H1		2003-2004 estimated	2002-2003 final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:		X

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3 Federal methodology (FM) X
H3 Institutional methodology (IM)
H3 Both FM and IM

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$4,342,852	\$3,250,071
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$6,135,650	\$2,591
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$28,152,122	\$3,535,215
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$1,109,454	\$335,160
Н1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$39,740,078	\$7,123,037
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$11,845,417	\$1,294,175
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$1,894,174	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$320,550	
H1	Total Self-Help	\$14,060,141	\$2,156,040
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$8,402,629	\$3,901,524
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.		
H1	Athletic Awards	\$466,872	\$2,271,943

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2		Need-based awards	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2003 cohort)	1051	4670	167
H2	b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who applied for need-based financial aid	830	3420	51
H2	c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	592	2488	32
H2		Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	592	2488	32
H2	e)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	574	2398	22
H2	f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	447	1915	24
H2	g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	207	736	4
H2	h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	346	1194	12
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid.  Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100.0%	100.0%	88.0%
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line <b>d</b> .  Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace  EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private  alternative loans)	\$ 20,078	\$ 21,804	\$ 11,506
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line <b>e</b>	\$ 17,508	\$ 16,473	\$ 7,980
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award ( <u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b>	\$ 3,507	\$ 5,133	\$ 5,401
H2	m)	Average need-based loan ( <u>excluding PLUS loans,</u> <u>unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans</u> ) of those in line <b>f</b> who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 2,620	\$ 4,347	\$ 4,545

**H2A** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A	Non-need-based awards	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	<ul> <li>n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)</li> </ul>	191	679	0
H2A	o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line <b>n</b>	\$ 6,268	\$ 5,241	\$0
H2A	<ul> <li>Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant</li> </ul>	45	169	0
H2A	<ul> <li>q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p</li> </ul>	\$ 15,398	\$ 13,443	

#### **H3** Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: \* 2003 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003 who started at your institution as first- time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003.

Exclude: \* those who transferred in.

<sup>\*</sup> money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent	
	loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
		43%
Н4а	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	
	exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	N/A
H5	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line	
	H4	\$25,631
Н5а	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized.	
	Include both Federal Direct Student Loan and Federal Family Education Loans. These	
	are listed in line 4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and	
	exclude parent loans.	N/A

**Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens** (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

<sup>\*</sup> only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

<sup>\*</sup> co-signed loans.

# Common Data Set 2003-2004

Н6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional	scholarship and g	rant aid for underg	ıraduate degree-	
110	seeking nonresident aliens:	railahla	1	1	
H6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is av			-	
H6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available	is available	Х	1	
Н6	institutional scholarship of grant aid is not available		^	1	
Н6	If institutional financial aid is available for undergradua	ate degree-seeking	nonresident		
	aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-	•			
	were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:				
Н6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid aw	arded to undergrad	duate degree-		
	seeking nonresident aliens:	<b>.</b>	3		
				•	
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid award	ed to undergradua	te degree-		
	seeking nonresident aliens:	· ·	Ü		
	-			<u>,                                    </u>	
H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first	t-year financial aid	applicants must s	<u>u</u> bmit:	
H7	Institution's own financial aid form				
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE				
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application				
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances				
H7	Other (specify):				
H7					
	Process for First-Year/Freshman Students	_			
H8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (fr	eshman) financial	aid applicants mu	st submit:	
Н8	FAFSA		X	]	
Н8	Institution's own financial aid form				
Н8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE				
Н8	State aid form			_	
Н8	Noncustodial PROFILE				
Н8	Business/Farm Supplement				
Н8	Other (specify):				
Н8				_	
H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:		1	1	
H9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:		0/00	4	
H9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:		2/20	4	
Н9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications pro	cessed on a			
	rolling basis):			]	
1140	Indicate notification dates for first year (freehman) at-	idanta (analyar a a	r b).		
H10		idents (answer a o	ΓD). Τ	7	
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):	Vaa	Na	4	
H10	h) Students notified on a rolling basis:	Yes	No	1	
H10		X 2/1		J	
H10	If yes, starting date:	3/1	1		
LIAA	Indicate reply dates:				
H11 H11	Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date):	5/1	1		
H11	or within 3 weeks of notification.	J/ I	1		
1111	Tot within o wooks of notification.	I	I		

# **Types of Aid Available**

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

- H12 Loans H12 FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)
- H12 Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans H12 Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
- H12 Direct PLUS Loans

# H12 FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)

H12	FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans	X
H12	FFEL PLUS Loans	X

H12	Federal Perkins Loans	X
H12	Federal Nursing Loans	
H12	State Loans	Χ
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds	X
H12	Other (specify): Non-federal loan programs	Χ
H12		

- H13 Scholarships and GrantsH13 NEED-BASED:

1113	NEED-DAGED.	
H13	Federal Pell	X
H13	SEOG	X
H13	State scholarships/grants	X
H13	Private scholarships	X
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds	
H13	United Negro College Fund	
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship	
H13	Other (specify):	
H13		

H14 Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

H14		Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics	X	Χ
H14	Alumni affiliation		
H14	Art	X	
H14	Athletics	X	
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC	X	
H14	Leadership		Χ
	Minority status		Χ
H14	Music/drama	X	
H14	Religious affiliation	X	Χ
H14	State/district residency		

# I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2003. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for

1 IPEDS/AAUP.

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The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

		Full-time	Part-time
a)	instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
b)	administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non-clinical credit courses
c)	other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
d)	undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
e)	faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
f)	faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
g)	replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
a)	Total number of instructional faculty	341	334	675
b)	Total number who are members of minority groups	59	50	109
c)	Total number who are women	145	165	310
d)	Total number who are men	196	169	365
e)	Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	1	2	3
f)	Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal			
	degree	331	186	517
g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
	master's	9	136	145
h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	1	12	13
i١	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
'/	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	0	0	0
i۱	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students			

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#### 12 Student to Faculty Ratio

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13 13 Report the Fall 2003 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

# Fall 2003 Student to Faculty ratio 14 to 1

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2003 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2003. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

## **Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled**

Undergraduate C	lass Size (p	rovide nur	mbers)
Ollaci gi addate O	IUSS CIEC (P	I O VIGO IIUI	1100131

CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	133	277	286	272	49	6	0	1023

CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS	34	80	8	4	0	0	0	126

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# J. DEGREES CONFERRED

#### J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2002 and June 30, 2003

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990 Categories to Include	CIP 2000 Categories to Include
J1	Agriculture				1 and 2	1
J1	Natural resources/environmental science			1.0%	3	3
J1	Architecture				4	4
J1	Area and ethnic studies				5	5
J1	Communications/journalism/Communication technologies			12.0%	9 and 10	9 and 10
J1	Computer and information sciences			1.0%	11	11
J1	Personal and culinary services				12	12
J1	Education				13	13
J1	Engineering/Engineering technologies			2.0%	14 and 15	14 and 15
J1	Foreign languages and literature			2.0%	16	16
J1	Family and consumer sciences				19 and 20	19
J1	Law/legal studies				22	22
J1	English			5.0%	23	23
J1	Liberal arts/general studies			7.0%	24	24
J1	Library science				25	25
J1	Biological/life sciences			5.0%	26	26
J1	Mathematics				27	27
J1	Military science and technologies				28 and 29	29
J1	Interdisciplinary studies				30	30
J1	Parks and recreation				31	31
J1	Philosophy, religious studies, theology and religious vocations			2.0%	38 and 39	38 and 39
J1	Physical sciences			1.0%	40 and 41	40 and 41
J1	Psychology			7.0%	42	42
J1	Protective services/Public administration				43 and 44	43 and 44
J1	Social sciences and history			18.0%	45	45 and 54
J1	Trade and industry				46,47,48, and 49	46,47,48, and 49
J1	Visual and performing arts			2.0%	50	50
J1	Health professions and related sciences			1.0%	51	51
J1	Business/marketing			34.0%	8 and 52	52
J1	Other		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	0.00%	0.00%	100%		

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#### **Common Data Set Definitions**

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (\*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

\*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

**Accelerated program:** Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

\*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

**American Indian or Alaska native:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

**Applicant (first-time, first year):** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

**Application fee:** That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

**Asian or Pacific Islander:** A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

**Bachelor's degree:** An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

**Black, non-Hispanic:** A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

**Books and supplies (costs):** Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

\*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

**Contact hour:** A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative education program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

**First professional certificate (postdegree):** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **student**: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours. **Freshman:** A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree:** An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

\*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1.800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

\*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

\*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

**Student-designed major:** A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

**Talent/ability (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

**Teacher certification program:** Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

**Transfer applicant:** An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:** Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

\*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

**Unit:** a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

**Undergraduate:** A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

\*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

\*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

**Volunteer work (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

**Weekend college:** A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

\*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

**Work experience (as admission factor):** Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

#### Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial aid applicant**: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness**: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

**Financial need**: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid**: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

**Need-based scholarship or grant aid**: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

**Need-based self-help aid**: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid**: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

**Non-need-based self-help aid**: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

**Work study and employment**: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

# **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES TO THE CDS FOR 2003-2004**

The items listed below are shaded in yellow throughout the spreadsheet's worksheets.

# **CHANGED ITEMS**

J1 CIP 2000 Categories are introduced